

## Esher Church School – Progression of skills in Maths

|      | Number:   |
|------|---|
|      | * Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number   |
|      | * Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5  |
| EVES | * Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts |
| EYFS | Numerical patterns:   |
|      | *Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system   |
|      | *Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity                                      |
|      | *Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.                                      |

|                                     | YEAR 1   | YEAR 2  | YEAR 3   | YEAR 4   | YEAR 5   | YEAR 6   |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| NUMBER<br>Number and<br>Place Value | *count to and across 100,<br>forwards and backwards,<br>beginning with 0 or 1, or from<br>any given number *count,<br>read and write numbers to<br>100 in numerals; count in<br>multiples of twos, fives and<br>tens<br>*given a number, identify one<br>more and one less *identify<br>and represent numbers using<br>objects and pictorial<br>representations including the<br>number line, and use the<br>language of: equal to, more<br>than, less than (fewer), most,<br>least *read and write<br>numbers from 1 to 20 in<br>numerals and words | *count in steps of 2, 3, and 5<br>from 0, and in tens from any<br>number, forward and<br>backward<br>*recognise the place value of<br>each digit in a two-digit<br>number (tens, ones)<br>*identify, represent and<br>estimate numbers using<br>different representations,<br>including the number line<br>*compare and order numbers<br>from 0 up to 100; use and =<br>signs<br>*read and write numbers to<br>at least 100 in numerals and<br>in words<br>*use place value and number<br>facts to solve problems | *count from 0 in multiples of<br>4, 8, 50 and 100; find 10 or<br>100 more or less than a<br>givennumber<br>*recognise the place value of<br>each digit in a 3-digit number<br>(100s, 10s, 1s)<br>*compare and order numbers<br>up to 1,000<br>*identify, represent and<br>estimate numbers using<br>different representations<br>*read and write numbers up<br>to 1,000 in numerals and in<br>words<br>*solve number problems and<br>practical problems involving<br>these ideas | *count in multiples of 6, 7, 9,<br>25 and 1,000<br>*find 1,000 more or less than<br>a given number<br>*count backwards through 0<br>to include negative numbers<br>*recognise the place value of<br>each digit in a four-digit<br>number (1,000s, 100s, 10s,<br>and 1s)<br>*order and compare numbers<br>beyond 1,000<br>*identify, represent and<br>estimate numbers using<br>different representations<br>*round any number to the<br>nearest 10, 100 or 1,000<br>*solve number and practical<br>problems that involve all of<br>the above and with<br>increasingly large positive<br>numbers<br>*read Roman numerals to<br>100 (I to C) and know that<br>over time, the numeral<br>system changed to include<br>the concept of 0 and place<br>value | *read, write, order and<br>compare numbers to at least<br>1,000,000 and determine the<br>value of each digit<br>*count forwards or<br>backwards in steps of powers<br>of 10 for any given number<br>up to 1,000,000<br>*interpret negative numbers<br>in context, count forwards<br>and backwards with positive<br>and negative whole numbers,<br>including through 0<br>*round any number up to<br>1,000,000 to the nearest 10,<br>100, 1,000, 10,000 and<br>100,000<br>*solve number problems and<br>practical problems that<br>involve all of the above<br>*read Roman numerals to<br>1,000 (M) and recognise<br>years written in Roman<br>numerals | *read, write, order and<br>compare numbers up to<br>10,000,000 and determine<br>the value of each digit<br>*round any whole number to<br>a required degree of accuracy<br>*use negative numbers in<br>context, and calculate<br>intervals across 0<br>*solve number and practical<br>problems that involve all of<br>the above |

|                                       | YEAR 1   | YEAR 2  | YEAR 3   | YEAR 4  | YEAR 5   | YEAR 6   |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|---|--|--|
| NUMBER<br>Addition and<br>Subtraction | *read, write and interpret<br>mathematical statements<br>involving addition (+),<br>subtraction (-) and equals (=)<br>signs<br>*represent and use number<br>bonds and related<br>subtraction facts within 20<br>*add and subtract one-digit<br>and two-digit numbers to 20,<br>including zero<br>*solve one-step problems<br>that involve addition and<br>subtraction, using concrete<br>objects and pictorial<br>representations, and missing<br>number problems such as 7 =<br>-9. | *solve problems with<br>addition and subtraction:<br>using concrete objects and<br>pictorial representations,<br>including those involving<br>numbers, quantities and<br>measures; applying their<br>increasing knowledge of<br>mental and written methods<br>*recall and use addition and<br>subtraction facts to 20<br>fluently, and derive and use<br>related facts up to 100 *add<br>and subtract numbers using<br>concrete objects, pictorial<br>representations, and<br>mentally, including: a two-<br>digit number and ones; a<br>two-digit number and tens;<br>two two-digit numbers;<br>adding three one-digit<br>numbers<br>*show that addition of two<br>numbers can be done in any<br>order (commutative) and<br>subtraction of one number<br>from another cannot<br>*recognise and use the<br>inverse relationship between<br>addition and subtraction and<br>use this to check calculations<br>and solve missing number<br>problems | *add and subtract numbers<br>mentally, including:<br>-a three-digit number and 1s<br>-a three-digit number and 10s<br>-a three-digit number and<br>100s<br>*add and subtract numbers<br>with up to 3 digits, using<br>formal written methods of<br>columnar addition and<br>subtraction<br>*estimate the answer to a<br>calculation and use inverse<br>operations to check answers<br>*solve problems, including<br>missing number problems,<br>using number facts, place<br>value, and more complex<br>addition and subtraction | *add and subtract numbers<br>with up to 4 digits using the<br>formal written methods of<br>columnar addition and<br>subtraction where<br>appropriate<br>*estimate and use inverse<br>operations to check answers<br>to a calculation<br>*solve addition and<br>subtraction two-step<br>problems in contexts,<br>deciding which operations<br>and methods to use and why | *add and subtract whole<br>numbers with more than 4<br>digits, including using formal<br>written methods (columnar<br>addition and subtraction)<br>*add and subtract numbers<br>mentally with increasingly<br>large numbers<br>*use rounding to check<br>answers to calculations and<br>determine, in the context of a<br>problem, levels of accuracy<br>*solve addition and<br>subtraction multi-step<br>problems in contexts,<br>deciding which operations<br>and methods to use and why | *perform mental<br>calculations, including with<br>mixed operations and large<br>numbers<br>*use their knowledge of the<br>order of operations to carry<br>out calculations involving the<br>4 operations<br>*solve addition and<br>subtraction multi-step<br>problems in contexts,<br>deciding which operations<br>and methods to use and why<br>*solve problems involving<br>addition, subtraction<br>*use estimation to check<br>answers to calculations and<br>determine, in the context of a<br>problem, an appropriate<br>degree of accuracy |

|  | YEAR 1  | YEAR 2   | YEAR 3   | YEAR 4   | YEAR 5  | YEAR 6  |
|--|---|--|--|--|---|---|
| NUMBER<br>Multiplication<br>and Division | *solve one-step problems<br>involving multiplication and<br>division, by calculating the<br>answer using concrete<br>objects, pictorial<br>representations and arrays<br>with the support of the<br>teacher | *recall and use multiplication<br>and division facts for the 2, 5<br>and 10 multiplication tables,<br>including recognising odd and<br>even numbers *calculate<br>mathematical statements for<br>multiplication and division<br>within the multiplication<br>tables and write them using<br>the multiplication (×), division<br>(÷) and equals (=) signs<br>*show that multiplication of<br>two numbers can be done in<br>any order (commutative) and<br>division of one number by<br>another cannot<br>*solve problems involving<br>multiplication and division,<br>using materials, arrays,<br>repeated addition, mental<br>methods, and multiplication<br>and division facts, including<br>problems in contexts | *recall and use multiplication<br>and division facts for the 3, 4<br>and 8 multiplication tables<br>*write and calculate<br>mathematical statements for<br>multiplication and division<br>using the multiplication<br>tables that they know,<br>including for two-digit<br>numbers times one-digit<br>numbers, using mental and<br>progressing to formal written<br>methods<br>*solve problems, including<br>missing number problems,<br>involving multiplication and<br>division, including positive<br>integer scaling problems and<br>correspondence problems in<br>which n objects are<br>connected to m objects | *recall multiplication and<br>division facts for<br>multiplication tables up to 12<br>× 12<br>*use place value, known and<br>derived facts to multiply and<br>divide mentally, including:<br>multiplying by 0 and 1;<br>dividing by 1; multiplying<br>together 3 numbers<br>*recognise and use factor<br>pairs and commutativity in<br>mental calculations<br>*multiply two-digit and<br>three-digit numbers by a one-<br>digit number using formal<br>written layout<br>*solve problems involving<br>multiplying and adding,<br>including using the<br>distributive law to multiply<br>two-digit numbers by 1 digit,<br>integer scaling problems and<br>harder correspondence<br>problems such as n objects<br>are connected to m objects | <ul> <li>*identify multiples and factors,<br/>including finding all factor pairs<br/>of a number, and common<br/>factors of 2 numbers</li> <li>*know and use the vocabulary<br/>of prime numbers, prime<br/>factors and composite (non-<br/>prime) numbers</li> <li>*establish whether a number<br/>up to 100 is prime and recall<br/>prime numbers up to 19</li> <li>*multiply numbers up to 4<br/>digits by a one- or two-digit<br/>number using a formal written<br/>method, including long<br/>multiplication for two-digit<br/>numbers</li> <li>*multiply and divide numbers<br/>mentally, drawing upon known<br/>facts</li> <li>*divide numbers up to 4 digits<br/>by a one-digit number using<br/>the formal written method of<br/>short division and interpret<br/>remainders appropriately for<br/>the context</li> <li>*multiply and divide whole<br/>numbers and those involving<br/>decimals by 10, 100 and 1,000</li> <li>*recognise and use square<br/>numbers and cube numbers,<br/>and the notation for squared<br/>(<sup>2</sup>) and cubed (<sup>3</sup>)</li> <li>*solve problems involving<br/>multiplication and division,<br/>including using their knowledge<br/>of factors and multiples,<br/>squares and cubes</li> <li>*solve problems involving<br/>addition, subtraction,<br/>multiplication and division,<br/>including understanding the<br/>meaning of the equals sign<br/>*solve problems involving<br/>multiplication and division,<br/>including scaling by simple<br/>fractions and problems<br/>involving simple rates</li> </ul> | *multiply multi-digit numbers<br>up to 4 digits by a two-digit<br>whole number using the<br>formal written method of<br>long multiplication<br>*divide numbers up to 4<br>digits by a two-digit number<br>using the formal written<br>method of short division<br>where appropriate,<br>interpreting remainders<br>according to the context<br>*divide numbers up to 4<br>digits by a two-digit whole<br>number using the formal<br>written method of long<br>division, and interpret<br>remainders as whole number<br>remainders, fractions, or by<br>rounding, as appropriate for<br>the context<br>*perform mental<br>calculations, including with<br>mixed operations and large<br>numbers<br>*identify common factors,<br>common multiples and prime<br>numbers<br>*use their knowledge of the<br>order of operations to carry<br>out calculations involving the<br>4 operations<br>*solve problems involving<br>multiplication and division<br>*use estimation to check<br>answers to calculations and<br>determine, in the context of a<br>problem, an appropriate<br>degree of accuracy |

|                     | YEAR 1   | YEAR 2  | YEAR 3  | YEAR 4   | YEAR 5  | YEAR 6  |
|---------------------|--|---|---|--|---|---|
| NUMBER<br>Fractions | *recognise, find and name a<br>half as one of two equal parts<br>of an object, shape or<br>quantity<br>*recognise, find and name a<br>quarter as one of four equal<br>parts of an object, shape or<br>quantity | *recognise, find, name and<br>write fractions 1/3, ¼, 2/4<br>and ¾ of a length, shape, set<br>of objects or quantity<br>*write simple fractions for<br>example, 1/2 of 6 = 3 and<br>recognise the equivalence of<br>2/4 and 1/2 | *count up and down in<br>tenths; recognise that tenths<br>arise from dividing an object<br>into 10 equal parts and in<br>dividing one-digit numbers or<br>quantities by 10<br>*recognise, find and write<br>fractions of a discrete set of<br>objects: unit fractions and<br>non-unit fractions with small<br>denominators<br>*recognise and use fractions<br>as numbers: unit fractions<br>and non-unit fractions with<br>small denominators<br>*recognise and show, using<br>diagrams, equivalent<br>fractions with small<br>denominators<br>*add and subtract fractions<br>with the same denominator<br>within one whole [for<br>example, $\frac{5}{7} + \frac{1}{7} = \frac{6}{7}$ ]<br>*compare and order unit<br>fractions, and fractions with<br>the same denominators<br>*solve problems that involve<br>all of the above | *recognise and show, using<br>diagrams, families of<br>common equivalent fractions<br>*count up and down in<br>hundredths; recognise that<br>hundredths arise when<br>dividing an object by 100 and<br>dividing tenths by 10<br>*solve problems involving<br>increasingly harder fractions<br>to calculate quantities, and<br>fractions to divide quantities,<br>including non-unit fractions<br>where the answer is a whole<br>number<br>*add and subtract fractions<br>with the same denominator<br>*recognise and write decimal<br>equivalents of any number of<br>tenths or hundreds<br>*recognise and write decimal<br>equivalents to $\frac{1}{4}$ , $\frac{1}{2}$ , $\frac{3}{4}$<br>*find the effect of dividing a<br>one- or two-digit number by<br>10 and 100, identifying the<br>value of the digits in the<br>answer as ones, tenths and<br>hundredths<br>*round decimals with 1<br>decimal place to the nearest<br>whole number<br>*compare numbers with the<br>same number of decimal<br>places up to 2 decimal places<br>*solve simple measure and<br>money problems involving<br>fractions and decimals to 2<br>decimal places | *compare and order fractions<br>whose denominators are all<br>multiples of the same number<br>*identify, name and write<br>equivalent fractions of a given<br>fraction, represented visually,<br>including tenths and<br>hundredths<br>*recognise mixed numbers and<br>improper fractions and convert<br>from one form to the other and<br>write mathematical statements<br>> 1 as a mixed number [for<br>example, $\frac{1}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{6}{5} = \frac{1}{5}$ ]<br>*add and subtract fractions<br>with the same denominator,<br>and denominators that are<br>multiples of the same number<br>*multiply proper fractions and<br>mixed numbers by whole<br>numbers, supported by<br>materials and diagrams<br>*read and write decimal<br>numbers as fractions [for<br>example, $0.71 = \frac{71}{100}$ ]<br>*recognise and use<br>thousandths and relate them<br>to tenths, hundredths and<br>decimal equivalents<br>*round decimals with 2<br>decimal places to the nearest<br>whole number and to 1<br>decimal places<br>*read, write, order and<br>compare numbers with up to 3<br>decimal places<br>*solve problems involving<br>number up to 3 decimal places<br>*recognise the per cent symbol<br>(%) and understand that per<br>cent relates to 'number of<br>parts per 100', and write<br>percentages as a fraction with<br>denominator 100, and as a<br>decimal fraction<br>*solve problems which require<br>knowing percentage and<br>decimal equivalents of ½, ¼, ½<br>, ½ s and those fractions with<br>a denominator of a multiple of<br>10 or 25 | *use common factors to<br>simplify fractions; use<br>common multiples to express<br>fractions in the same<br>denomination *compare and<br>order fractions, including<br>fractions > 1<br>*add and subtract fractions<br>with different denominators<br>and mixed numbers, using<br>the concept of equivalent<br>fractions<br>*multiply simple pairs of<br>proper fractions, writing the<br>answer in its simplest form<br>[for example, $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$ ]<br>*divide proper fractions by<br>whole numbers [for example,<br>$\frac{1}{3} \div 2 = \frac{1}{2}$ ] *associate a<br>fraction with division and<br>calculate decimal fraction<br>equivalents [for example,<br>0.375] for a simple fraction<br>[for example, $\frac{3}{4}$ ] *identify the<br>value of each digit in<br>numbers given to three<br>decimal places and multiply<br>and divide numbers by 10,<br>100 and 1000 giving answers<br>up to three decimal places<br>*multiply one-digit numbers<br>with up to two decimal places<br>*multiply one-digit numbers<br>with up to two decimal places<br>by whole numbers<br>*use written division<br>methods in cases where the<br>answer has up to two decimal<br>places<br>*solve problems which<br>require answers to be<br>rounded to specified degrees<br>of accuracy<br>*recall and use equivalences<br>between simple fractions,<br>decimals and percentages,<br>including in different contexts |

|                         | YEAR 1 | YEAR 2 | YEAR 3 | YEAR 4 | YEAR 5 | YEAR 6  |
|-------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---|
| Ratio and<br>Proportion |        |        |        |        |        | *solve problems involving the<br>relative sizes of two<br>quantities where missing<br>values can be found by using<br>integer multiplication and<br>division facts<br>*solve problems involving the<br>calculation of percentages<br>[for example, of measures,<br>and such as 15% of 360] and<br>the use of percentages for<br>comparison<br>*solve problems involving<br>similar shapes where the<br>scale factor is known or can<br>be found<br>*solve problems involving<br>unequal sharing and grouping<br>using knowledge of fractions<br>and multiples |
| Algebra                 |        |        |        |        |        | *use simple formulae<br>*generate and describe linear<br>number sequences *express<br>missing number problems<br>algebraically *find pairs of<br>numbers that satisfy an<br>equation with two unknowns<br>*enumerate possibilities of<br>combinations of two<br>variables   |

| YEAR 1  | YEAR 2  | YEAR 3  | YEAR 4   | YEAR 5   | YEAR 6   |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| Measurement*compare, describe and solve<br>practical problems for:<br>lengths and heights [for<br>example, long/short,<br>longer/shorter, tall/short,<br>double/half]; mass/weight<br>[for example, heavy/light,<br>heavier than, lighter than];<br>capacity and volume [for<br>example, full/empty, more<br>than, less than, half, half full,<br>quarter]; time [for example,<br>quicker, slower, earlier, later]<br>*measure and begin to<br>record the following: lengths<br>and heights; mass/weight;<br>capacity and volume; time<br>(hours, minutes, seconds)<br>*recognise and know the<br>value of different<br>denominations of coins and<br>notes<br>*sequence events in<br>chronological order using<br>language [for example,<br>before and after, next, first,<br>today, yesterday, tomorrow,<br>morning, afternoon and<br>evening] *recognise and use<br>language relating to dates,<br>including days of the week,<br>weeks, months and years<br>*tell the time to the hour and<br>half past the hour and draw<br>the hands on a clock face to<br>show these times | *choose and use appropriate<br>standard units to estimate<br>and measure length/height in<br>any direction (m/cm); mass<br>(kg/g); temperature (°C);<br>capacity (litres/ml) to the<br>nearest appropriate unit,<br>using rulers, scales,<br>thermometers and measuring<br>vessels<br>*compare and order lengths,<br>mass, volume/capacity and<br>record the results using >, <<br>and =<br>*recognise and use symbols<br>for pounds (£) and pence (p);<br>combine amounts to make a<br>particular value<br>*find different combinations<br>of coins that equal the same<br>amounts of money<br>*solve simple problems in a<br>practical context involving<br>addition and subtraction of<br>money of the same unit,<br>including giving change<br>*compare and sequence<br>intervals of time<br>*tell and write the time to<br>five minutes, including<br>quarter past/to the hour and<br>draw the hands on a clock<br>face to show these times<br>*know the number of<br>minutes in an hour and the<br>number of hours in a day | *measure, compare, add and<br>subtract: lengths<br>(m/cm/mm); mass (kg/g);<br>volume/capacity (l/ml)<br>*measure the perimeter of<br>simple 2-D shapes<br>*add and subtract amounts<br>of money to give change,<br>using both £ and p in<br>practical contexts<br>*tell and write the time from<br>an analogue clock, including<br>using Roman numerals from I<br>to XII, and 12-hour and 24-<br>hour clocks<br>*estimate and read time with<br>increasing accuracy to the<br>nearest minute; record and<br>compare time in terms of<br>seconds, minutes and hours;<br>use vocabulary such as<br>o'clock, am/pm, morning,<br>afternoon, noon and<br>midnight<br>*know the number of<br>seconds in a minute and the<br>number of days in each<br>month, year and leap year<br>*compare durations of<br>events [for example, to<br>calculate the time taken by<br>particular events or tasks] | *convert between different<br>units of measure [for<br>example, kilometre to metre;<br>hour to minute]<br>*measure and calculate the<br>perimeter of a rectilinear<br>figure (including squares) in<br>centimetres and metres<br>*find the area of rectilinear<br>shapes by counting squares<br>*estimate, compare and<br>calculate different measures,<br>including money in pounds<br>and pence<br>*read, write and convert time<br>between analogue and digital<br>12- and 24-hour clocks<br>*solve problems involving<br>converting from hours to<br>minutes, minutes to seconds,<br>years to months, weeks to<br>days | *convert between different<br>units of metric measure [for<br>example, kilometre and<br>metre; centimetre and metre;<br>centimetre and millimetre;<br>gram and kilogram; litre and<br>millilitre]<br>*understand and use<br>approximate equivalences<br>between metric units and<br>common imperial units such<br>as inches, pounds and pints<br>*measure and calculate the<br>perimeter of composite<br>rectilinear shapes in<br>centimetres and metres<br>*calculate and compare the<br>area of rectangles (including<br>squares), including using<br>standard units, square<br>centimetres (cm <sup>2</sup> ) and square<br>metres (m <sup>2</sup> ), and estimate<br>the area of irregular shapes<br>*estimate volume [for<br>example, using 1 cm <sup>3</sup> blocks<br>to build cuboids (including<br>cubes)] and capacity [for<br>example, using water]<br>*solve problems involving<br>converting between units of<br>time<br>*use all four operations to<br>solve problems involving<br>measure [for example,<br>length, mass, volume,<br>money] using decimal<br>notation, including scaling | *solve problems involving the<br>calculation and conversion of<br>units of measure, using<br>decimal notation up to three<br>decimal places where<br>appropriate<br>*use, read, write and convert<br>between standard units,<br>converting measurements of<br>length, mass, volume and<br>time from a smaller unit of<br>measure to a larger unit, and<br>vice versa, using decimal<br>notation to up to three<br>decimal places *convert<br>between miles and<br>kilometres<br>*recognise that shapes with<br>the same areas can have<br>different perimeters and vice<br>versa<br>*recognise when it is possible<br>to use formulae for area and<br>volume of shapes<br>*calculate the area of<br>parallelograms and triangles<br>*calculate, estimate and<br>compare volume of cubes<br>and cuboids using standard<br>units, including cubic<br>centimetres (cm <sup>3</sup> ) and extending<br>to other units [for example,<br>mm <sup>3</sup> and km <sup>3</sup> ] |

|                                       | YEAR 1  | YEAR 2   | YEAR 3   | YEAR 4  | YEAR 5  | YEAR 6  |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|---|---|---|
| GEOMETRY<br>Properties of<br>Shapes   | *recognise and name<br>common 2-D and 3-D shapes,<br>including: 2-D shapes [for<br>example, rectangles<br>(including squares), circles<br>and triangles] and 3-D shapes<br>[for example, cuboids<br>(including cubes), pyramids<br>and spheres] | *identify and describe the<br>properties of 2-D shapes,<br>including the number of sides<br>and line symmetry in a<br>vertical line<br>*identify and describe the<br>properties of 3-D shapes,<br>including the number of<br>edges, vertices and faces<br>*identify 2-D shapes on the<br>surface of 3-D shapes, [for<br>example, a circle on a<br>cylinder and a triangle on a<br>pyramid]<br>*compare and sort common<br>2-D and 3-D shapes and<br>everyday objects | *draw 2-D shapes and make<br>3-D shapes using modelling<br>materials; recognise 3-D<br>shapes in different<br>orientations and describe<br>them<br>*recognise angles as a<br>property of shape or a<br>description of a turn<br>*identify right angles,<br>recognise that 2 right angles<br>make a half-turn, 3 make<br>three-quarters of a turn and 4<br>a complete turn; identify<br>whether angles are greater<br>than or less than a right angle<br>*identify horizontal and<br>vertical lines and pairs of<br>perpendicular and parallel<br>lines | *compare and classify<br>geometric shapes, including<br>quadrilaterals and triangles,<br>based on their properties and<br>sizes<br>*identify acute and obtuse<br>angles and compare and<br>order angles up to 2 right<br>angles by size<br>*identify lines of symmetry in<br>2-D shapes presented in<br>different orientations<br>*complete a simple<br>symmetric figure with respect<br>to a specific line of symmetry | <ul> <li>*identify 3-D shapes,<br/>including cubes and other<br/>cuboids, from 2-D<br/>representations</li> <li>*know angles are measured<br/>in degrees: estimate and<br/>compare acute, obtuse and<br/>reflex angles</li> <li>*draw given angles, and<br/>measure them in degrees (°)</li> <li>*identify: <ul> <li>-angles at a point and 1<br/>whole turn (total 360°)</li> <li>-angles at a point on a<br/>straight line and half a turn<br/>(total 180°)</li> <li>-other multiples of 90°</li> <li>*use the properties of<br/>rectangles to deduce related<br/>facts and find missing lengths<br/>and angles</li> <li>*distinguish between regular<br/>and irregular polygons based<br/>on reasoning about equal<br/>sides and angles</li> </ul> </li> </ul> | *draw 2-D shapes using given<br>dimensions and angles<br>*recognise, describe and<br>build simple 3-D shapes,<br>including making nets<br>*compare and classify<br>geometric shapes based on<br>their properties and sizes and<br>find unknown angles in any<br>triangles, quadrilaterals, and<br>regular polygons<br>*illustrate and name parts of<br>circles, including radius,<br>diameter and circumference<br>and know that the diameter<br>is twice the radius<br>*recognise angles where they<br>meet at a point, are on a<br>straight line, or are vertically<br>opposite, and find missing<br>angles |
| GEOMETRY<br>Position and<br>Direction | *describe position, direction<br>and movement, including<br>whole, half, quarter and<br>three-quarter turns   | *order and arrange<br>combinations of<br>mathematical objects in<br>patterns and sequences *use<br>mathematical vocabulary to<br>describe position, direction<br>and movement, including<br>movement in a straight line<br>and distinguishing between<br>rotation as a turn and in<br>terms of right angles for<br>quarter, half and three-<br>quarter turns (clockwise and<br>anticlockwise)  |  | *describe positions on a 2-D<br>grid as coordinates in the first<br>quadrant<br>*describe movements<br>between positions as<br>translations of a given unit to<br>the left/right and up/down<br>*plot specified points and<br>draw sides to complete a<br>given polygon   | *identify, describe and<br>represent the position of a<br>shape following a reflection<br>or translation, using the<br>appropriate language, and<br>know that the shape has not<br>changed  | *describe positions on the<br>full coordinate grid (all four<br>quadrants)<br>*draw and translate simple<br>shapes on the coordinate<br>plane, and reflect them in the<br>axes  |

|            | YEAR 1 | YEAR 2  | YEAR 3  | YEAR 4   | YEAR 5  | YEAR 6  |
|------------|--------|---|---|--|---|---|
| Statistics |        | *interpret and construct<br>simple pictograms, tally<br>charts, block diagrams and<br>simple tables<br>*ask and answer simple<br>questions by counting the<br>number of objects in each<br>category and sorting the<br>categories by quantity *ask<br>and answer questions about<br>totalling and comparing<br>categorical data | *interpret and present data<br>using bar charts, pictograms<br>and tables *solve one-step<br>and two-step questions [for<br>example, 'How many more?'<br>and 'How many fewer?']<br>using information presented<br>in scaled bar charts and<br>pictograms and tables | <ul> <li>*interpret and present<br/>discrete and continuous data<br/>using appropriate graphical<br/>methods, including bar charts<br/>and time graphs</li> <li>*solve comparison, sum and<br/>difference problems using<br/>information presented in bar<br/>charts, pictograms, tables<br/>and other graphs</li> </ul> | *solve comparison, sum and<br>difference problems using<br>information presented in a<br>line graph *complete, read<br>and interpret information in<br>tables, including timetables | *interpret and construct pie<br>charts and line graphs and<br>use these to solve problems<br>*calculate and interpret the<br>mean as an average |