| EYFS | Number: <br> * Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number <br> * Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5 <br> * Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10 , including double facts Numerical patterns: <br> *Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system <br> *Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity <br> *Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10 , including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally. |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  | YEAR 1 | YEAR 2 | YEAR 3 | YEAR 4 | YEAR 5 | YEAR 6 |
| NUMBER Number and Place Value | *count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number *count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and tens <br> *given a number, identify one more and one less *identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least *read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words | *count in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from 0 , and in tens from any number, forward and backward <br> *recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones) <br> *identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line *compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use and = signs <br> *read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words <br> *use place value and number facts to solve problems | *count from 0 in multiples of <br> $4,8,50$ and 100 ; find 10 or <br> 100 more or less than a <br> givennumber <br> *recognise the place value of each digit in a 3 -digit number (100s, 10s, 1s) <br> *compare and order numbers up to 1,000 <br> *identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations *read and write numbers up to 1,000 in numerals and in words <br> *solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas | *count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1,000 <br> *find 1,000 more or less than <br> a given number <br> *count backwards through 0 <br> to include negative numbers <br> *recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number (1,000s, 100s, 10s, and 1s) <br> *order and compare numbers beyond 1,000 <br> *identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations *round any number to the nearest 10,100 or 1,000 <br> *solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers <br> *read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of 0 and place value | *read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1,000,000 and determine the value of each digit <br> *count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to $1,000,000$ <br> *interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through 0 <br> *round any number up to $1,000,000$ to the nearest 10 , $100,1,000,10,000$ and 100,000 <br> *solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above *read Roman numerals to 1,000 ( $M$ ) and recognise years written in Roman numerals | *read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10,000,000 and determine the value of each digit *round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy *use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across 0 <br> *solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above |


|  | YEAR 1 | YEAR 2 | YEAR 3 | YEAR 4 | YEAR 5 | YEAR 6 |
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| NUMBER Addition and Subtraction | *read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs <br> *represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 <br> *add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20 , including zero <br> *solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as $7=$ -9 . | *solve problems with addition and subtraction: using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures; applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods *recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100 *add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: a twodigit number and ones; a two-digit number and tens; two two-digit numbers; adding three one-digit numbers <br> *show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot *recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems | *add and subtract numbers mentally, including: <br> -a three-digit number and 1s <br> -a three-digit number and 10s <br> -a three-digit number and <br> 100s <br> *add and subtract numbers with up to 3 digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction <br> *estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers *solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction | *add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate <br> *estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation <br> *solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why | *add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) *add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers <br> *use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy *solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why | *perform mental <br> calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers <br> *use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the 4 operations <br> *solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why <br> *solve problems involving addition, subtraction <br> *use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy |


|  | YEAR 1 | YEAR 2 | YEAR 3 | YEAR 4 | YEAR 5 | YEAR 6 |
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| NUMBER Multiplication and Division | *solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher | *recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2,5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers *calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication ( $\times$ ), division $(\div)$ and equals $(=)$ signs *show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot *solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts | *recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables *write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods <br> *solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which n objects are connected to mobjects | *recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 $\times 12$ <br> *use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1 ; dividing by 1 ; multiplying together 3 numbers *recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations <br> *multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a onedigit number using formal written layout <br> *solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two-digit numbers by 1 digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as $n$ objects are connected to m objects | *identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of 2 numbers *know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (nonprime) numbers <br> *establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19 <br> *multiply numbers up to 4 <br> digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers <br> *multiply and divide numbers mentally, drawing upon known facts <br> *divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context <br> *multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1,000 <br> *recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared $\left(^{2}\right)$ and cubed ( ${ }^{3}$ ) <br> *solve problems involving multiplication and division, including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes <br> *solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign *solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates | *multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication <br> *divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context *divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context <br> *perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers <br> *identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers <br> *use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the 4 operations <br> *solve problems involving multiplication and division <br> *use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy |


|  | YEAR 1 | YEAR 2 | YEAR 3 | YEAR 4 | YEAR 5 | YEAR 6 |
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| NUMBER <br> Fractions | *recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity <br> *recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity | *recognise, find, name and write fractions $1 / 3,1 / 4,2 / 4$ and $3 / 4$ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity *write simple fractions for example, $1 / 2$ of $6=3$ and recognise the equivalence of $2 / 4$ and $1 / 2$ | *count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10 <br> *recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators <br> *recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators <br> *recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators <br> *add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole [for example, $\frac{5}{7}+\frac{1}{7}=\frac{6}{7}$ ] <br> *compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators *solve problems that involve all of the above | *recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions *count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by 100 and dividing tenths by 10 <br> *solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number <br> *add and subtract fractions with the same denominator *recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundreds <br> *recognise and write decimal equivalents to $\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}$ <br> *find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100 , identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths <br> *round decimals with 1 decimal place to the nearest whole number <br> *compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to 2 decimal places *solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to 2 decimal places | *compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number *identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths <br> *recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements $>1$ as a mixed number [for example, $2 / 5+4 / 5=6 / 5=1 / 5$ ] <br> *add and subtract fractions with the same denominator, and denominators that are multiples of the same number *multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams *read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, $0.71=\frac{71}{100}$ ] <br> *recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents <br> *round decimals with 2 decimal places to the nearest whole number and to 1 decimal place *read, write, order and compare numbers with up to 3 decimal places <br> *solve problems involving number up to 3 decimal places *recognise the per cent symbol (\%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per 100', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal fraction <br> *solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $1 / 2,1 / 4,1 / 5$ , $2 / 5,4 / 5$ and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25 | *use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination *compare and order fractions, including fractions $>1$ <br> *add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions <br> *multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form [for example, $1 / 4 \times 1 / 2=1 / 8$ ] *divide proper fractions by whole numbers [for example, $1 / 3 \div 2=1 /[]$ *associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375 ] for a simple fraction [for example, $3 / 8$ ] *identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10 , 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places <br> *multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers <br> *use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places <br> *solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy <br> ${ }^{*}$ recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts |


|  | YEAR 1 |  | YEAR 2 | YEAR 3 |  | YEAR 4 |
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| Ratio and <br> Proportion |  |  |  |  | YEAR 5 |  |
| YEAR 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |


|  | YEAR 1 | YEAR 2 | YEAR 3 | YEAR 4 | YEAR 5 | YEAR 6 |
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| Measurement | *compare, describe and solve practical problems for: lengths and heights [for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half]; mass/weight [for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than]; capacity and volume [for example, full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter]; time [for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later] *measure and begin to record the following: lengths and heights; mass/weight; capacity and volume; time (hours, minutes, seconds) *recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes <br> *sequence events in chronological order using language [for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening] *recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years *tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times | *choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm}$ ); mass (kg/g); temperature ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels <br> *compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and = <br> *recognise and use symbols for pounds ( $£$ ) and pence ( $p$ ); combine amounts to make a particular value <br> *find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money <br> *solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change <br> *compare and sequence intervals of time <br> *tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times *know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day | *measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{mm}$ ); mass ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ); volume/capacity ( $1 / \mathrm{ml}$ ) <br> *measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes <br> *add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both $£$ and $p$ in practical contexts <br> *tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24- <br> hour clocks <br> *estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours; use vocabulary such as o'clock, am/pm, morning, afternoon, noon and midnight <br> *know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year *compare durations of events [for example, to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks] | *convert between different units of measure [for example, kilometre to metre; hour to minute] <br> *measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres <br> *find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares <br> *estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence <br> *read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12 - and 24 -hour clocks <br> *solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes, minutes to seconds, years to months, weeks to days | *convert between different units of metric measure [for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre] <br> *understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints *measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres *calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), including using standard units, square centimetres $\left(\mathrm{cm}^{2}\right)$ and square metres ( $\mathrm{m}^{2}$ ), and estimate the area of irregular shapes *estimate volume [for example, using $1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water] *solve problems involving converting between units of time <br> *use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling | *solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate <br> *use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal places *convert between miles and kilometres <br> *recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa <br> *recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes <br> *calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles *calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres $\left(\mathrm{cm}^{3}\right)$ and cubic metres $\left(\mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$, and extending to other units [for example, $\mathrm{mm}^{3}$ and $\mathrm{km}^{3}$ ] |


|  | YEAR 1 | YEAR 2 | YEAR 3 | YEAR 4 | YEAR 5 | YEAR 6 |
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| GEOMETRY Properties of Shapes | ${ }^{*}$ recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, including: 2-D shapes [for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles] and 3-D shapes [for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres] | *identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line <br> *identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces *identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid] <br> *compare and sort common <br> 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects | *draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials; recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them <br> *recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn *identify right angles, recognise that 2 right angles make a half-turn, 3 make three-quarters of a turn and 4 a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle *identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines | *compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes <br> *identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to 2 right angles by size <br> *identify lines of symmetry in <br> 2-D shapes presented in <br> different orientations <br> *complete a simple <br> symmetric figure with respect <br> to a specific line of symmetry | *identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations <br> *know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles <br> *draw given angles, and measure them in degrees ( ${ }^{\circ}$ ) *identify: <br> -angles at a point and 1 whole turn (total $360^{\circ}$ ) -angles at a point on a straight line and half a turn (total $180^{\circ}$ ) -other multiples of $90^{\circ}$ <br> *use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles <br> *distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles | *draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles <br> *recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets *compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons <br> *illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius <br> *recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles |
| GEOMETRY Position and Direction | *describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns | *order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences *use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and threequarter turns (clockwise and anticlockwise) |  | *describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant <br> *describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down *plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon | *identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed | *describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants) <br> *draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes |


|  | YEAR 1 | YEAR 2 | YEAR 3 | YEAR 4 | YEAR 5 | YEAR 6 |
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| Statistics |  | *interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables <br> *ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity *ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data | *interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables *solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'How many more?’ and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables | *interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs <br> *solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs | *solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph *complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables | *interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems *calculate and interpret the mean as an average |

