Subject: **COMPUTING**

Phase: KS1

Attitudes	Key Skills	Strategies	Evidence
Enthusiasm for computing. Confidence and fluency in programming.	 PROGRAMMING To create and debug simple algorithms (a list of instructions) To be able to predict the behaviour of programs by interpreting code already written (reading a set of instructions in order to describe what should happen) 	 Class teaching with: BeeBots (R,1) – practical use of technology, simple instructions Lightbot Jr (1,2) – programming, using algorithms Scratch Jr (2) – more complex programming with algorithms on tablets 	 Observations in lessons Chn writing sets of instructions Screenshots of programmes in Lightbot / Scratch Jr
Resilience in debugging simple programming problems. Familiarity with technology they find in their own environments. Awareness of the dangers of technology and strategies to combat these. Articulate and confident users of technology.	 WIDER USE OF TECHNOLOGY To recognise alternative uses for technology Photography and manipulation Digital artwork Research for other subjects 	 Class teaching with: Art Programs (R,1) – drawing using tablets / computers Camera app (1) – taking photos, accessing them at a later date Comic Strip-It (2) – taking photos, manipulate by adding text and images 	 Observations in lessons Screenshots of work in apps Saved copies of work in Dropbox folders
	To understand the dangers of technology (physical and on the internet) and to know strategies to stay safe both online and using electrical items To know to keep personal information private To know how to seek help online (Switched On website, etc.)	 Class teaching with: Using Everyday ICT (R) – how to use PC / tablet for simple tasks (opening / closing software, internet, etc.) E-Safety (1,2) – staying safe online, use of personal information, using school website / VLE 	Observations in lessons
	To be able to use technical & clear language To describe algorithms (a set of instructions) To describe the process of de-bugging (having a problem with your algorithms and going through them all until you find what is causing the issue)	 Class teaching with: BeeBots (R,1) – practical use of technology, simple instructions Lightbot Jr (1,2) – programming, using algorithms Scratch Jr (2) – more complex programming with algorithms on tablets 	Discussions with chn during lessons (particularly programming lessons)

Subject: **COMPUTING**

Phase: KS2

Attitudes	Key Skills	Strategies	Evidence for Assessment
Enthusiasm for computing. Growing confidence and fluency in programmin g. Ability to adapt existing knowledge to unfamiliar programs or hardware. Resilience in	 PROGRAMMING To design, write and debug programs to solve a specific problem or goal To make programs that control or simulate physical systems (programs that move a motor, turn on a light, etc.) To solve problems by breaking them down into smaller parts To use: Variables (an object that can change value, e.g. keeping track of the score in a game) Sequence (recognising that the order of instructions in an algorithm matter) Repetition (making a program continue to check for something, e.g. a game that repeatedly checks if a character has been shot or hit) To write programs that use various different forms of input and output (input – heat sensors, light sensors, keyboard, mouse, text from the internet, etc. output – text, images, sounds, lights, etc.) To use debugging skills to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs 	 Scratch Jr (3) – more complex programming & problem solving with algorithms on tablets Lightbot (4) – programming & problem solving using algorithms on tablets Scratch (3,4,5,6) – complex but visual programming using school laptops HTML Programming (5) – programming using text for instructions rather than separate units that link together (unlike Scratch). Creates websites. Python Programming (6) – programming using text for instructions. Can integrate with technology to control it / take input from it 	 Screenshots of work on tablets Saved programs written on laptops HTML web pages hosted via school website Planning sheets from programming
debugging programmin g problems. Articulate, confident and proficient users of technology.	DISCUSSION AND UNDERSTANDING To use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work To use debugging skills to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs	 Class teaching with: Scratch Jr (3) – more complex programming & problem solving with algorithms on tablets Lightbot (4) – programming & problem solving using algorithms on tablets Scratch (3,4,5,6) – complex but visual programming using school laptops HTML Programming (5) – programming using text for instructions rather than separate units that link together (unlike Scratch). Creates websites. 	Discussions with chn during lessons (particularly programming lessons)

	Python Programming (6) – programming using text for instructions. Can integrate with technology to control it / take input from it	
 NETWORKING AND INTERNET To understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration (the internet is really, really great) To use search technologies effectively (Google), appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content (not everything you read online is true) 	 Class teaching with: Google Docs (3) – cloud based storage of word processing, spreadsheets and presentation software Research online (3,4,5,6) – using the internet across the curriculum to enhance work Blogging (5) – commenting, writing ideas and doing it all safely using the school website as a platform HTML Programming (5) – making simple websites (that are safe to be online) and hosting them through the school website 	 Observations in lessons Blog posts and websites stored online
• To select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information	 Class teaching with: Google Docs (3) – using to show data, e.g. spreadsheets, etc. Video Editing (4,5) – using camera, video editing apps / laptop software (Windows Movie Maker) Scratch (3,4,5,6) – importing images into programs Blogging (5) – importing images, audio and video from other sources into blog posts HTML Programming (5) – importing images, audio and video from other sources Year in Review (6) – combining all the skills have learned to create a year in review presentation 	 Observations in lessons Saved files on Dropbox / school network Planning sheets from programming
 E-SAFETY To use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly To recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour To identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact 	Class teaching with: E-safety teaching & workshops (3,4,5,6) – e-safety lessons should be tailored to the year group and their online activities Use websites such as: Think U Know - https://www.thinkuknow.co.uk/ Somerset Scheme -	 Observations in lessons Written work – answering key questions (How do we stay safe? When might we need to be particularly careful? Etc.)

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	https://slp.somerset.org.uk/sites/edtech/Si	
	tePages/Primary%20Computing/Primary%2	
	<u>OComputing.aspx</u>	

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
R	Using Everyday ICT (Light switches, computer, being safe)	Using a Computer (Medway Term 5)	BeeBot (Practical)		Using images Taking photos, viewing photos (Medway Term 3)	Art Drawing apps, etc.
1	BeeBots	Taking Photos			eSafety	Lightbot Jr
2	Lightbot Jr		Comic Strip It		eSafety	Scratch Jr
3	Scratch Jr	eSafety	Intro to Scratch		How does a computer work?	Google Docs (cloud)
4	Lightbot	eSafety	Scratch Continued			Video Editing
5	Blogging	Video Editing	Advanced Scratch		eSafety	HTML Programming
6	Scratch	eSafety	Pyt	hon	Year in Review	